

## Disclaimer

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## INSTRUCTOR:

Russell Thornburg
507.413.2027
russell.thornburg1@gmail.com


Background:
Building Contractor - 1984 to present
Building Inspector Technician - $1997-2$ years
Field Inspector - 1997-2020
Residential Plans Examiner - 1997 -to present
Code Development Committee - stated
Code Development Committee -started 2001
Instructor - 1998 - present
Instructor - 1998 - present
Code Consultant - 2005 to
Program Manager - Short Stint

## IRC - Preface

## Introduction



- This comprehensive, stand-alone residential code establishes minimum regulations for one and two -family dwellings and townhouses using prescriptive provisions.


## Development

- This code is founded on principles intended to establish provisions consistent with the scope of a residential code that adequately protects public health, safety and welfare; ...


## Means of Egress

$\square$ What are the general thoughts - the Intent:

- Fundamental: Safe and Efficient exiting from structure
- Webster defines egress: "A place or means of going out."
- Components of means of egress and exits, the emphasis will appear to be on escaping
- Characteristics of the building is to eliminate panic and confusion



## Means of Egress

## Stair

A change in elevation, consisting of one or more risers.

## Stairway

One or more flights of stairs, either interior or exterior, with necessary landings and platforms connecting them to form a continuous and uninterrupted passage from one level to another within or attached to a building, deck or porch.


## Means of Egress

Chapter 2 Definitions (IRC)
Nosing
The leading edge of treads of stairs and of landings at the top of the stairway flights.






## Means of Egress - Door

## Door Size

- Net clear opening requirements for the required egress door to the exterior: 32 " wide at $90^{\circ}$ from the door stop and $78^{\prime \prime}$ in height


R311.2 Egress Door

## Means of Egress - Door

- Other doors shall not be required to comply with these minimum dimensions.
- Egress doors shall be readily openable from inside the dwelling without the use of a key or special knowledge or effort.


R311.2 19

## Means of Egress - DOOR

- Landings - both sides of exterior door(s)



## Means of Egress - DOOR

- Landing exception
- $\leq 2$ risers - no exterior top landing required
- Provided door does not swing over stair
- Storm doors and screen doors allowed

Means of Egress - DOOR

| EERO DOOR | EGRESS DOOR | EXTERIOR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Side hinged | Side hinged | DOOR |
| Slider |  | Any kind |
| Min $20 " \times 24 "$ | Min $32 " \times 78 "$ | Any width |





## Means of Egress - DOOR

- Openable from inside without key or special knowledge or effort


R311.2 26

## Other Exterior - DOOR

- Other exterior doors
- Not required to comply with dimensions
- Not required to comply key or special knowledge



Floors and Landings at Exterior Doors


Landings at exterior doors and adjacent to stairs:

- Landings are required of each side of exterior door
- Width of landing not to be less than the door it serves
- Length $36^{\prime \prime}$ measured in the direction of travel

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Floors and Landings at Exterior Doors


The slope at exterior landings shall not exceed $1 / 4$ unit vertical in 12 units horizontal (2 percent).

Floors and Landings at Exterior Doors


Garages
R311.1 \& R311.3

Floors and Landings at Exterior Doors

36 " landings are required on both sides of all exterior doors.


Exception: Exterior balconies less than 60 square feet and only accessible from a door are permitted to have a landing less than 36 " measured in the direction of travel.



Floors and Landings at Exterior Doors

Landings at the exterior door required.

## Exception:

The exterior landing or floor shall not be more than $73 / 4$ " below the top of the threshold provided the door does not swing over the landing or floor.


R311.3.1 exception

Floors and Landings at Exterior Doors

When exterior landings or floors serving the required egress door are not at grade, they shall be provided with access to grade by means of a ramp in accordance with Section R311.8 or a stairway in accordance with Section R311.7.

R311.3.1 exception

## Other Doors

Landings or floors at exterior doors other than the required.

Doors other than the required egress door shall be provided with landings or floors not more than $73 / 4$ " below the top of the threshold.



Floor elevations at other exterior doors
Landings or floors at exterior doors other than the required by R311.3.2.



## Means of Egress - Path

Landings or floors at exterior doors other than the required by R311.3.2.


Landing is NOT required on the exterior side of doors

- Where there are only 1-2 risers
- Door is not the "exit" door


## Means of Egress - Path

Landings or floors at exterior doors other than the required by R311.3.2.


Means of Egress - Path
Landings or floors at exterior doors other than the required by R311.3.2.


## Means of Egress - PATH

- Stairs landing
- $\geq 36$ " long
- As wide as the flight of stairs


U shaped landing

$\mathrm{L}^{2}$ shaped landing ${ }_{47}$

## Means of Egress - PATH

- Stairway landings- adjacent doors
- Door at top of interior stairs cannot swing over stairs
- Door at bottom of stairs
- Landing before the door 36" long



## Means of Egress - Path

Landings or floors at exterior doors other than the required by R311.3.2.

Storm and screen doors.

Storm and screen doors shall be permitted to swing over all exterior stairs and landings.


R311.3.3

## Means of Egress - PATH

## Vertical Egress

Every habitable level that is not provided with egress door shall be accessed by a code compliant stairway or ramp:

## Stairway

- Minimum 36" wide stairway
- $73 / 4$ " max. riser and 10 " min. tread
- Min. 6'-8" headroom
- Handrail on at least one side
- Landing top \& bottom stairs
- Light \& activation


Means of Egress - PATH

## Vertical Egress

Every habitable level (i.e. habitable attics or basements) requires a code compliant stairway.


## Landing, Deck, Balcony \& Stair Construction \& Attachment.

Exterior

- Shall be positively anchored to the primary structure to resist both vertical and lateral forces or shall be designed to be self-supporting.


Means of Egress - PATH


The minimum width of a hallway shall be not less than 3 feet

## Means of Egress - PATH

- Hallways
- $\geq$ 3' clear width
- $\geq$ 7' clear height


R311.6 \& R305. 54

## R311.7, R311.8 Stairways and Ramps

- The provisions of Sections R311.7 and R311.8 apply only to stairways and ramps within or serving:
- Building
- Porch or
- Deck
- Stair exceptions:
- nonhabitable attics
- crawl spaces


Code Chance No: RB107-19

## Means of Egress - PATH

Stairways shall not be less than 36 inches in clear width at all points above the permitted handrail height. Stairway landings not less than 36 " $\times 36$ ".

The minimum headroom shall not be less than 6 feet 8 inches measured vertically from the sloped plane adjoining the tread nosing or from the floor surface of the landing or platform.


## Landings for stairways

- There shall be a floor or landing at the top and bottom of each stairway.
- The min. width perpendicular to the direction of travel shall be no less than the width of the flight served.
- Landings of shapes other than square or rectangular shall be permitted provided the depth at the walk line and the total area is not less than that of a quarter circle with a radius equal to the required landing width.
- Where the stairway has a straight run, the minimum depth in the direction of travel shall be $<36$ '".


## Discussion

Is this a code violation? The inspector is $5^{\prime}-11^{\prime \prime}$.


R311.7.7 Stairway and Landing Walking Surface

- New exception allows steeper slopes for exterior landings that also serve to drain surface water away from the building.



## Framing Inspection

Wood floor framing.
Although not finished, the stair rise and tread depth shall be measured/inspected exclusive of carpet, rugs, or runners (at the framing inspection).



Stairs: Rise \& Run


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## Means of Egress - PATH

## Stairways: Nosing

Nosings. The radius of curvature at the leading edge of the tread shall be no greater than $9 / 16^{\prime \prime}$. A nosing not less than $3 / 4$ inch but not more than $11 / 4$ " shall be provided on stairways.


R311.7.5.3


## Means of Egress - PATH

## - Stairways

- $\leq 7.75$ " riser
$-\leq 3 / 8$ " deviation in flight
$-\leq 4$ " sphere
- $\geq 10$ " tread
" $\leq 3 / 8$ " deviation in flight
- $\geq 36$ " width
- $\geq$ 6'-8" headroom

R311.7.2


## Means of Egress - PATH

## Profile

Open risers are permitted, provided that the opening between treads does not permit the passage of a 4" diameter sphere.


## Means of Egress - PATH

Stairways: Open 100\% When Not Required
The opening between adjacent treads is not limited on stairs with a total rise of $30^{\prime \prime}$ or less.


## Means of Egress - PATH

## Stairways: Nosing When Not Required

Open risers are permitted, provided that the opening between treads does not permit the passage of a 4-inch diameter sphere. Exceptions: A nosing is not required where


R311.7.5.3, Exception

Means of Egress - PATH


## Means of Egress - PATH

- $\geq 4$ stairway risers requires handrail


R311.7.8

Means of Egress - PATH

- 34-38" handrail height
- Continuous over all stairs
- Handrail may terminate by volute over bottom tread


R311.7.8.1

Handrails adjacent to a wall shall have a space of not less than $1^{1 / 2 "}$ between the wall and the handrail.


R311.7.8.3

## Means of Egress - PATH

Handrail on Plans


R311.7.1

Means of Egress - PATH
$\square \leq 4.5$ " projection of handrail(s) into stairway


1 handrail


2 handrails

## Means of Egress - PATH

Final Inspection

## Stairway.

Handrail (grip, continuous, space between handrail and the wall)...

Headroom (6 foot 8 inches).
"Handrail ends shall be returned toward a wall, guard walking surface continuous to itself, or terminate to a post."


## Means of Egress - PATH

## Continuity:

All required handrails shall be continuous the full length of the stairs with four or more risers from a point directly above the top riser of a flight to a point directly above the lowest riser of a flight.


## Means of Egress - PATH

## Stair handrail continuity

Handrail continuity shall be permitted to be interrupted by a newel post at a turn in a flight with winders, at a landing, or over the lowest tread.


R311.7.8.4 exception 1 85

## Means of Egress - PATH

Height - Final Inspection
2. When handrail transitions fittings or bendings are used to provide continuous transition between flights, the transition from handrail to guardrail, or used at the start of a flight, the handrail height at the transition fittings or bendings shall be permitted to exceed the maximum height.

R311.7.8.1

Means of Egress - PATH

## Continuity:

All required handrails shall be continuous the full length of the stairs...

Ends shall be returned toward a wall, guard walking surface continuous to itself, or terminate to a post.


Stair handrail continuity.
"A volute, turnout or starting easing shall be allowed to terminate over the lowest tread and over the top landing."

Although, this situation may not have been what they were thinking about when this provision was written in the code.


R311.7.8.4 exception 2

## Means of Egress - PATH

Stair handrail grip size.

## Question:

We have a $2 \times 6$ laid flat as a handrail. Would it comply with the code provisions for grip size?

## Answer:

No. The maximum cross section cannot exceed $21 / 4$ inches. You would need to install a complying handrail.


R311.7.8.5 Type I

## Means of Egress - PATH

Stair handrail grip size.
Question:
Can a $2 \times 6$ on edge with a finger groove comply with the handrail requirements in the code?


## Answer:

Yes. IRC Section R311.7.8.5, contains criteria for handrails with a graspable finger recess area for handrails.


## Type I Handrail


...circular cross section shall have an outside diameter of not less than $11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ and not greater than 2 "

R311.7.8.5 \# 1 - Grip size

## Means of Egress - PATH

- Type 1 handrails - Type 2 handrails



Perimeter min 4" max 6 1/4"

Type II Handrail


The width of the handrail above the recess shall be not less than $1 \frac{1}{4}$ " and not more than $23 / 4^{\prime \prime}$.
R311.7.8.5 \# 2 - Grip size


## Means of Egress - PATH



Handrail ends shall be returned toward a wall, guard walking surface continuous to itself, or terminate to a post.

## Means of Egress - PATH

Means of Egress.
Is this intermediate landing/tread compliant?

The proponent would like to wrap the handrail 180 degrees at the bottom toward the round treads. Is this compliant?


R311.7.8.4 exception (2) 97

Discussion Item \#3 Is this situation code compliant?


## Means of Egress - PATH

Final Inspection
Stair landings.
Enclosed accessible space under stairs shall have walls, under stair surface and any soffits protected on the enclosed side with $1 / 2$ inch gypsum board.
Handrail required on at least one side.


## Means of Egress - PATH

## Landings for stairways

A landing is not required at the top of an interior flight of stairs, provided a door does not swing over the stairs.


## Means of Egress - PATH

- Special stairs
- Winders
- Spiral stairs
- Alternating stairs



## Circular Stairways

Means of Egress.
2000 IRC Section R314.6 Circular stairways has been deleted entirely in the 2006 IRC.




## Means of Egress - PATH

Framing Inspection
Does this meet code?
A winder has a "tread with non-parallel edges..." and "within any flight of stairs, the largest winder tread depth at the 12 " walk line. (Does this 3/8" apply here?)


It Depends
R311.7.5.2.1 Winder treads
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## Means of Egress - PATH

- Winder treads shall have a minimum tread depth of $10^{\prime \prime}$ measured between the vertical planes of the foremost projection of adjacent treads at the intersections with the walkline.
- Winder treads shall have a minimum tread depth of $6^{\prime \prime}$ at any point within tread depth of $6^{\prime \prime}$ at any po
the clear width of the stair.
- Within any flight of stairs, the largest winder tread depth at the walkline shal not exceed the smallest winder tread by more than $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$
Consistently shaped winders at the walkline shall be allowed within the same flight of stairs as rectangular treads and do not have to be within $3 / 8^{\text {n }}$ of the rectangular tread depth.

Winder Treads


## Means of Egress - PATH

Tread Depth Clarification

- ... Consistently shaped winders at the walkline shall be allowed within the same flight of stairs as rectangular treads and do not have to be within $3 / 8$ inch of the rectangular tread depth. True measurement without the carpet
- Explanation: Winders treads that are code compliant may be located in the same flight as regular treads that are code compliant.


## Means of Egress - PATH





## Means of Egress - PATH

## Stairway illumination

 and activation- All interior stairways shall be provided with a means to illuminate the stairs, including the landings and treads. Interior stairways shall be provided with an artificial light 1 -foot candle.
- Wall switch at each floor level to control the light source where the stairway has six or more risers.
- Exception: A switch is not required where remote, central or automatic control of lighting is provided.



## Stairway Illumination and Activation



- Exterior stairways - an artificial light source located at top landing of stairway.
- Exterior stairways access to a basement from the outdoor grade level artificial light located at the bottom landing of the stairway.


## Spiral Stairways

Spiral stairways.
"...Minimum width shall be 26 inches with each tread having a $63 / 4$ " minimum tread depth at 12" from the narrower edge.

All treads shall be identical, and the rise shall be no more than $91 / 2 "$.


A min. headroom of 6' 6 " shall be provided."


R311.7.10.1 Spiral stairways.
Spiral stairways are permitted, provided the minimum width shall be 26 inches with each tread having a $61 / 2$-inches at the walkline. All treads shall be identical, and the rise shall be no more than $91 / 2$ inches. A minimum headroom of 6 feet 6 inches shall be provided.

IRC 202 Def: SPIRAL. A stairway with a plan view of closed circular form and uniform section-shaped treads radiating from a minimum diameter circle.
IBC 1002 Def: Stairway, Spiral. A stairway having a closed circular form in its plan view with uniform section-shaped treads attached to and radiating from a minimum-diameter supporting column


## Means of Egress - Path

Spiral stairways R311.7.10.1.
"All treads shall be identical, and the rise shall be no more than 9 1/2 inches.

A minimum headroom of 6 feet 6 inches shall be provided."


## Means of Egress - Path

Alternating Tread Devices

- Exception: Alternating tread or Ships ladders devices are allowed to be used as an element of a means of egressfor lofts, mezzanines and similar areas of 200 gross square feet or less where such devices do not provide exclusive access to a kitchen or bathroom.



## Means of Egress - Path

## Guards where required.

Guards shall be located ... open-sided walking surfaces, including stairs, ramps and landings, ...located more than 30" measured vertically to the floor or grade below at any point within 36 " horizontally to the edge of the open side.

Porches and decks which are enclosed with insect screening shall be equipped with guards ..."

## Means of Egress - Path

Live loads for guards
Guardrails and handrails...shall be designed to withstand a single concentrated load... of 200 pounds... applied in any direction at any point along the top.


## Means of Egress - Path

Guard.
Question:
Is the guard (guardrail) requirement for spiral stairs different (less or more restrictive) than the code for other stairs?

## Answer:

Same requirement.


## Means of Egress - Path

## Guards on open-sided stairs

Where there is an open-sided stairs:
" Min. 34" guardrail is required

- Pickets must pass 4 " sphere test.


Min 34 "
R312.1.2 Height 129

## Means of Egress - Path

Guards on open-sided stairs

Where there is an open-sided stair:
" Min. 34" guardrail is required w/ max. 38".
" Pickets must pass $43 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ sphere test.


R312.1.2, Exception 2

## Means of Egress - Path

Guard opening limitations.
"Openings for required guards on the sides of stair treads shall not allow a sphere $43 / 8$ inch to pass through."

Question:


Does the code address slip-resistance for interior or exterior stairs?

Answer: No.

## Means of Egress - Path

## Guards

The triangular openings formed by the riser, tread and bottom rail of a guard at the open side of a stairway are permitted to be of such a size that a sphere 6 inches in diameter cannot pass through.

Guards ...open sides of stairs shall not have openings sphere $43 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ in diameter.


R312.1.3


## Work exempt from permit

- Exemption from permit requirements of this code shall not be deemed to grant authorization for any work to be done in any manner in violation of the provisions of this code or any other laws or ordinances of this jurisdiction.

Example


## Guard Openings



- Guards spacing's shall not have an openings from the walking surface that allow passage of a sphere 4 " in diameter.
- Guards on the open side of stairs shall not have openings that allow passage of a sphere $43 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ in diameter.



## Means of Egress- PATH

## - Ramps

$-\leq 1: 12$ slope
-Handrail on at least 1 side $=34$ " -38 " high handrail

- Handrail continuous for the full length, $1 \frac{1}{2}$ " gap, return
$-\geq 36$ " long landings top and bottom

R311.8
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## Means of Egress- PATH

## Ramp / Landing ???



## Means of Egress- PATH



## Means of Egress- PATH



Handrail are required if ramp pitch exceeds 1:12
Handrails on ramps shall comply with R311.7.8.5.
R311.8.3 Handrails required

## ASTM D7032

R317.4 Wood/plastic composites


This specification presents the standard procedures for establishing the performance rating of wood-plastic composite (guards or handrails) The purpose this specification is and guardrail basis for code recognition of these products or systems in exterior applications where combustible construction is allowed. The general requirements for these products shall be dictated by their performance in the following test methods:
$\bigcirc_{\text {flexural tests; }}$

- temperature and moisture effects;

Oultraviolet resistance test; ○ freeze-thaw resistance test;
Obiodeterioration tests; and $\quad \bigcirc$ fire performance tests.
ODeck boards are additionally examined by:
Opeck boards are additionally examined by: $\bigcirc$ creep-recovery test; $\stackrel{\ominus}{\circ}$ determination of unadjus

O In the same manner, guards and handrails are additionally analyzed through concentrated load tests, and one- and two-family dwelling requirements.
http://www.10klakes.org/Uniformity/2010/PLASTICD.pdf dd 149



## Where is the Code Language?

- Wood Species, grade, size and minimum cut, stringer
- Connecting / Fastening deck stringers


Is this drawing Code compliant?



## Equivalent grasping surface?




## Short Cuts



## Summary

- Verify all code requirements.
- Call one another with your questions.
- ...And remember: "Life is good."
(Brent Snyder 2006)


